

## Barrig Garden Club Newsletter

## Cuttings

November & December 2022

Look for us at: www.barriggardgnclub.ca





November Meeting BGC Awards Night and Wreath Demonstration



NOVEMBER'S GUEST
DEMONSTRATOR:
Marilyn Hovius

November 1<sup>st</sup> ,2022 @ 7:00pm

> At the ANAF Club 52 Morrow Rd

Join us for a night of acknowledgement to our members, some snacks and beverages, tons of prizes and a great demo!



Just a Reminder...
No Face-to-Face
meetings are
scheduled for
December and
January!



## **WANTED!!**

Students in any Horticultural or environmental studies to apply for one of this year's grants from D16's Dr. Ives Award. Date to apply has been extended!!



Nov. 2, 2022, 6:30 p.m. central Webinar: Boosting the Beauty of and

## Dr. Ives Horticultural Awards



## Propagating Houseplants

Melinda will start by sharing tips for increasing the beauty of your houseplants with a bit of pinching and pruning. These will promote more compact, fuller growth and contain vigorous plants to their available space. Melinda will also explain when you should pinch, prune and propagate. Lastly, she'll discuss the various propagation methods for the variety of plants you may have growing in your indoor garden so you can expand your indoor plant collection. This webinar is free, but registration is required.

Melinda's webinar is brought to you by: Corona Tools

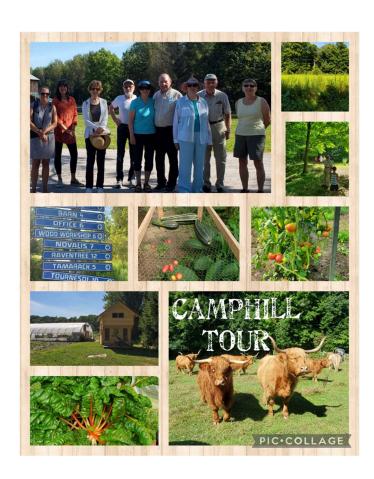
Once again, a HUGE Thank-you to everyone that volunteered their time and passion to our



Barrie Garden
Club
endeavours!
Our
community
and our BGC
Executive
thank you
from the
bottom of our
hearts for
your
dedication
and time!











On June 11/22 we held our

2<sup>nd</sup> Annual Virtual Plant

Sale!

Thanks to Joan NA

Malcolm and Joan Still and

Mel Harnois for all of your

hard work!



## Step by Step Winter Garden Preparation

## Clean up or...not

If you've had any illnesses in your garden, remove the affected/diseased plants. Same goes with any pest-infested plant. Get those plants out of the garden, and dispose of them separately from your usual compost pile/bin.

The remaining otherwise healthy but now dead plants can be left on the soil to feed next year's crop.

### Invasives be gone

Now's a great time to remove any invasive plants that may have infiltrated your garden. In any case, once you've completed your harvest and/or your plants have finished flowering, it's much easier to get at those unwelcome invaders that have a habit of taking over. Periwinkle, Lily of the Valley and Mint are all good to thin drastically!

## Feed your soil

The growing season takes a lot out of soil — give it some love by adding compost and organic material back into your garden beds. Lots of folks love to take this step in the spring, and of course there's nothing wrong with that — but when you amend soil in autumn, material gets a good chance to break down and integrate over the winter months.

## **Prudently prune perennials**

Some plants will benefit from a good pruning (blackberries, fennel, roses, rosemary, sage). Raspberries may be pruned in the fall. Thinning the plants may also be beneficial.

Before you prune perennial flowering plants, consider leaving some or all of the seed heads as food for birds throughout winter.

## More mulch, please

In the winter mulch helps to regulate soil temperature and provides an insulating effect. Mulch can provide a layer of protection to roots. Plus, as it breaks down, it will add organic matter back into soil. Add a thick layer of mulch to your vegetable gardens and flower beds for the proverbial win-win.

## Winter Beauty

What your garden looks like in the winter is also important! Selecting plants that look good dormant – when all their leaves have fallen - becomes essential to having an interesting winter garden. Evergreens are great to use, but to spice it up a little bit, make sure to add varieties like:



**Arctic Fire** <sup>™</sup> **Cornus** – only reaching 3 to 4 feet when other Dogwoods reach 6 plus feet, this variety can be easily planted in mass in a smaller landscape with no problem. Imagine looking out that back window to a mass of bright red stems popping out of pure white snow.

**Arctic Sun™ Cornus** – has exactly the same qualities as Arctic Fire®, but the stems are yellow with red tips, giving you the choice to have either red or yellow stems for your winter landscape.



## Pink Muhly Grass

Muhlenbergia capillaris, Zones 5 to 9

Many ornamental grasses provide exceptional winter interest, but muhly grass, also known as pink hair grass, gets a nod for its distinctive airy, pink flowers that bloom into late fall. After that, the drama continues as the plant sways in the winter wind.





## Winterberry

Ilex verticillata, Zones 3 to 9
Grown as a small tree or a shrub, winterberry doesn't get much attention during the growing season. Come winter, though, this wallflower demands to be seen when it bursts to life with bright red berries.

## Five Must-Have Features on Winter Plants

**Foliage:** Besides evergreens, look for deciduous trees, such as younger pin oaks, that hold their foliage in winter.

**Bark:** Some is colorful (White Birch), some is textural (Musclewood or Shaggy Bark Maple) and some is just odd enough to be interesting (Hackberry).

Berries: They attract birds and wildlife. And their color gives life to the dreary winter scenery.

**Shape:** Add architectural interest with contorted (Lavender Twist redbud), pyramidal (dwarf Alberta spruce) and umbrella (Japanese maple) shapes.

**Movement:** Ornamental grasses wave and nod in the wind to make your landscape less static.



## FYI - From Nature Barrie

## FLAP Fatal Light Awareness Program) CANADA Zoom Meeting is scheduled for Thursday November 10, 2022 @ 7:30pm

F L A P

The 45-minute Presentation by Paloma Plant from Flap Canada will be an Introduction to bird rescue for birds injured by colliding with structures. It gives an overview of the problem and procedures for

bird rescue. It is not meant to replace direct training with an experienced volunteer.

Please contact Phyllis Tremblay at <u>p.e.tremblay44@gmail.com</u> if you'd like to get the Zoom link to attend.

FLAP bird rescue volunteers monitor hazardous buildings, rescue and treat injured birds, and document both living and dead birds. FLAP volunteers have collected over 54,000 birds from 164 species in the Greater Toronto Area since 1993.

# This Sweet-and-Spicy Mulled Wine Will Warm You Up in Any Weather

Pair with a crackling fire, snowy landscapes, and those scratchy wintery sweaters.

By Robin Bashinsky and Betty Gold

Hands On Time: 5 mins Total Time: 35 mins

### Ingredients:

- 2 (750-mL) bottles full-bodied dry red wine (such as Zinfandel)
- ½ cup black peppercorns
- 1/3 cup granulated sugar
- 4 (2-in.) orange peel strips (from 1 orange)
- 1 (1-in.) piece fresh ginger, peeled and sliced
- 1 cinnamon stick, plus more for garnish
- 1 whole star anise

Orange slices

#### Directions:

- 1. Stir together wine, peppercorns, sugar, orange peel, ginger, cinnamon stick, and star anise in a large saucepan.
- 2. Bring to a simmer over high.
- 3. Cover and let stand for 30 minutes.
- 4. Strain and discard solids.
- 5. Pour evenly into eight glasses and garnish with orange slices and cinnamon sticks. Serve warm.

## Cozy Comfort Chicken Pot Pie

### BY:LAUREN MIYASHIRO

YIELDS: 6 - 8 serving(s) PREP TIME: 30 mins TOTAL TIME: 1 hr 45 mins CAL/SERV: 773

## Ingredients:

### FOR THE CRUST

3 c. all-purpose flour, plus more for surface

1 c. butter, cut into 1/2" pieces

1 tsp. baking powder

1 tsp. Kosher salt

1/2 c. ice water (or more, if needed)

#### FOR THE FILLING

4 boneless skinless chicken breasts (or 3 cups shredded cooked chicken)

1/2 c. butter, plus more for baking dish

kosher salt

Freshly ground black pepper

2 large carrots, peeled and diced

1 medium onion, chopped

3 cloves garlic, minced

3/4 c. all-purpose flour

3 c. low-sodium chicken broth

1/4 c. heavy cream

1 c. frozen peas

2 tbsp. freshly chopped parsley

2 tsp. freshly chopped thyme leaves

Egg wash

Flaky sea salt



#### Directions:

- 1. Make dough: Place flour and butter into freezer for 30 minutes before starting crust process. In a large food processor, pulse flour, baking powder, and salt until combined. Add butter and pulse until pea-sized and some slightly larger pieces form. With the machine running, add ice water into feed tube, 1 tablespoon at a time, until dough just come together and is moist but not wet and sticky (test by squeezing some with your fingers).
- 2. Turn dough onto a lightly floured surface, form into 2 balls, and flatten into 2 discs (making sure there are no/minimal cracks). Cover with plastic wrap and refrigerate for at least 30 minutes.
- 3. Cook chicken: Preheat oven to 400°. Grease a large baking dish with butter and grease one side of a large piece of parchment with butter. Season chicken all over with salt and pepper then place in baking dish. Place buttered side of parchment paper over chicken, so that chicken is completely covered. Bake until chicken is cooked through, 30 to 40 minutes. Let reset 10 minutes before cutting into cubes.
- 4. Meanwhile, start filling: In a large pot over medium heat, melt butter. Add onions and carrots and cook until vegetables are beginning to soften, about 10 minutes. Stir in garlic, then stir in flour and cook until the flour mixture is golden and beginning to bubble. Gradually whisk in chicken broth. Bring mixture to a boil and cook until thickened, about 5 minutes. Stir in heavy cream, cubed chicken, peas, parsley and thyme. Season mixture with salt and pepper.
- 5. Assemble pie: On a lightly floured surface, roll out one disc of dough into a large round about  $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick. Place in a shallow pie dish then add filling. Roll out second disc of dough into a large round about  $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick and place on top of filling. Trim and crimp edges, then use a paring knife to create slits on top. Brush with egg wash and sprinkle with flaky sea salt.
- 6. Reduce heat to 375° and bake pie until crust is golden, about 45 minutes. Let cool for at least 15 minutes before serving.